



19p13 Probe

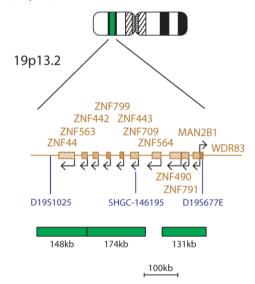
REF: LPS 515-A

Analyte Specific Reagent: Analytical and performance characteristics are not established.

Fluorescence in situ hybridisation (FISH) is a technique that allows the visualisation of DNA sequences upon chromosomes. The technique uses DNA probes that hybridise to entire chromosomes or single unique sequences, and serves as a powerful adjunct to classic cytogenetics. Recent developments have meant that this valuable technique can now be applied as an essential tool in prenatal, haematobgical and pathological chromosomal analysis. Target DNA, after fixation and denaturation, is available for annealing to a similarly denatured, fluorescently labelled DNA probe, which has a complementary sequence. Following hybridisation, unbound and non-specifically bound DNA probe is removed and the DNA is counterstained for visualisation. Fluorescence microscopy then allows the visualisation of the hybridised probe on the target material.

Probe Specification

19p13 Probe, 19p13.2, Green



The 19p13.2 probe, labelled in green, consists of three probes (148kb, 174kb and 131kb) that cover regions including markers D19S1025 and D19S677E.

Materials Provided

Probe: 50µl per vial

Probe concentration: Amount of green probe 60.3-90.2ng/µI

The probe is provided in hybridisation solution (Formamide; Dextran $\,$ Sulphate; SSC) and is ready to use.

Warnings and Precautions

- For professional use only.
- 2. Wear gloves when handling DNA probes.
- Probe contains formamide, which is a teratogen; do not breathe fumes or allow skin contact. Wear gloves, a lab coat, and handle in a fume hood. Upon disposal, flush with a large volume of water.
- Dispose of all hazardous materials according to your institution's guidelines for hazardous waste disposal.
- Operators must be capable of visually distinguishing between red, blue and green.

Storage and Handling

The kit should be stored between -25°C to -15°C in a freezer until the expiry date indicated on the kit label. Store the probe vial in the dark. Ensure that exposure of the probe to laboratory lights is limited at all times.

Known Cross-Reactivity

No known cross-reactivity

Additional Information

For additional product information please contact the CytoCell Technical Support Department.

T: +44 (0)1223 294048

E: techsupport@cytocell.com

W: www.ogt.com

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP):





GHS07

GHSO

Signal word (CLP): Danger

Hazardous ingredients: Formamide <100%

Hazard statements (CLP):

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary statements (CLP):

P202 – Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P280 – Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves P302+P352 – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy todo. Continue rinsing P308+P313 – IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 – Take off contaminated clothing and was it before reuse P501 – Dispose of contents/containerto hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

Refer to Safety Data Sheet for more information.

Patents and Trademarks

CytoCell is a registered trademark of Cytocell Ltd.



Cytocell Ltd.

W: www.ogt.com

Oxford Gene Technology, 418 Cambridge Science Park, Milton Road, Cambridge, CB4 0PZ, UK T: +44(0)1223 294048 F: +44(0)1223 294986 E: probes@cytocell.com