



Williams-Beuren Region Probe

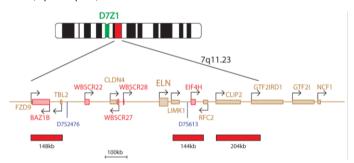
REF: LPU 011-SA/LPU 011-A

Analyte Specific Reagent: Analytical and performance characteristics are not established.

Fluorescence in situ hybridisation (FISH) is a technique that allows DNA sequences to be detected on metaphase chromosomes or in interphase nuclei from fixed cytogenetic samples. The technique uses DNA probes that hybridise to entire chromosomes or single unique sequences, and serves as a powerful adjunct to classic cytogenetics. Recent developments have meant that this valuable technique can now be applied as an essential tool in prenatal, haematological and pathological chromosomal analysis. Target DNA, after fixation and denaturation, is available for annealing to a similarly denatured, fluorescently labelled DNA probe, which has a complementary sequence. Following hybridisation, unbound and non-specifically bound DNA probe is removed and the DNA is counterstained for visualisation. Fluorescence microscopy then allows the visualisation of the hybridised probe on the target material.

Probe Specification

Williams-Beuren, 7q11.23, Red D7Z1, 7p11.1-q11.1, Green



The Williams-Beuren probe, labelled in red, consists of three non-overlapping clones (148kb, 144kb and 204kb), which cover much of the deletion region. The probe mix also contains a control probe for the 7 centromere (D7Z1), labelled in areen.

Materials Provided

Probe: 50µl per vial or 100µl per vial

Amount of red probe 0.70-1.18ng/µl Probe concentration:

Amount of green probe 2.74-4.10ng/µl

The probe is provided in hybridisation solution (Formamide; Dextran Sulphate; SSC) and is ready to use.

Warnings and Precautions

- For professional use only.
 Wear gloves when handling DNA probes.
- Probe contains formamide, which is a teratogen; do not breathe fumes or allow skin contact. Wear gloves, a lab coat, and handle in a fume hood. Upon disposal, flush with a large volume of water.
- Dispose of all hazardous materials according to your institution's guidelines for hazardous waste disposal.
- Operators must be capable of visually distinguishing between red, blue and green.

Storage and Handling

The kit should be stored between -25°C to -15°C in a freezer until the expiry date indicated on the kit label. Store the probe vial in the dark. Ensure that exposure of the probe to laboratory lights is limited at all times.

Known Cross-Reactivity

No known cross-reactivity

Additional Information

For additional product information please contact the CytoCell Technical Support Department

T: +44 (0)1223 294048 E: techsupport@cytocell.com

W: www.oat.com

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP):





GHS07

Signal word (CLP): Danger

Hazardous ingredients: Formamide < 100%

Hazard statements (CLP):

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary statements (CLP):

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P280 – Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves P302+P352 – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P305+P351-P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy todo. Continue rinsing P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 – Take off contaminated clothing and was it before reuse P501 – Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

Refer to Safety Data Sheet for more information.

Patents and Trademarks

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Cytocell Ltd.

Oxford Gene Technology, 418 Cambridge Science Park, Milton Road, Cambridge, CB4 0PZ, UK T: +44(0)1223 294048 F: +44(0)1223 294986 E: probes@cytocell.com W: www.ogt.com